ESSVA and Survey Questionnaire

What is ESSVA?

ESSVA = Ecosystem-Service Shared Value Assessment

ESSVA is an acronym of "Ecosystem-Service Shared Value Assessment"

(By the way, ESSRA is an acronym of "Ecosystem Service Shared Risk Assessment")

ESSVA (and ESSRA) are Important Concepts for the Management of Lentic-Lotic Basins

For ESSVA, we need to obtain;

- Ecosystem Service Factual Profile (ESFP)
- 2. Ecosystem Service Perceptional Profile (ESPP)

Ecosystem Service Profiles: Factual vs. Perceptional

a. Ecosystem Service Fact Profiles (ESFPs)

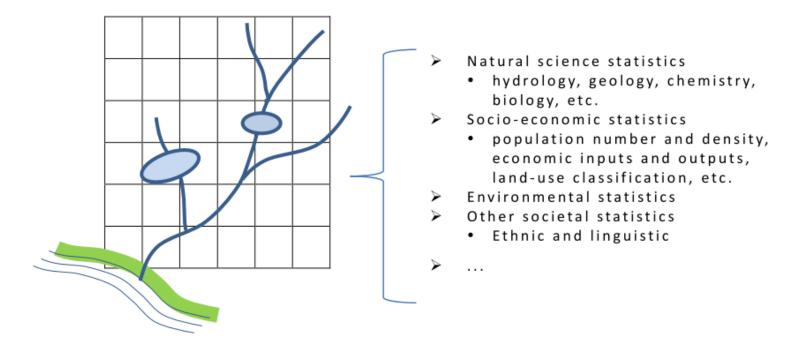
- The typical ESFPs include the governmental data on land use, water use, population dynamics (census data), legal and regulatory aspects such as water quality and quantity data.
- They may also include the information and data developed and compiled in the form of research database, e.g., the GIS and remote sensing analysis results and their application to modeling of various kinds.

b. Ecosystem Service Perceptional Profiles (ESPPs)

- They need to be assessed using a survey form.
- The form needs to be developed based on the Ecosystem Service framework.

2.2 Mapping of Ecosystem Service Fact Profile (ESPF) >

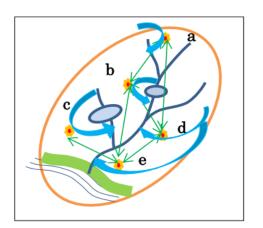
- Some examples of ESPF include:
 - Natural science statistical profiles (government)
 - Socio-economic statistical profiles (government)
 - Environmental profiles (government/research)
 - Ethnic profile (government)
 - Linguistic profiles (government)
 - ...

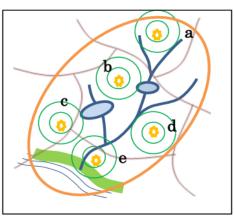


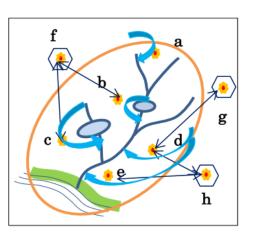
2.3 Mapping of Ecosystem Service Perceptional Profile (ESPP) >

Geographical Representations for Ecosystem

Service Profiling

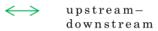






ESPP depicted for the upstream-downstream interactions within a basin

a - e communities



water intake and discharge

ESPP depicted for individual communities within a basin

a - e communities



ESPP sphere of influence at the individual community level

ESPP of inside-the-basin and outside-the-basin communities interacting with each other

 $\mathbf{a} - \mathbf{h}$ communities



communities outside of the basin



interaction between the communities within and outside the basin



water intake and discharge

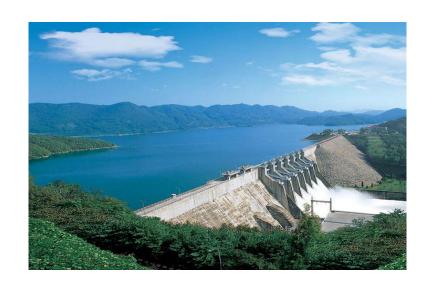
Resource Provision Service

Regulating Service

Cultural Service

Supporting Service

- Water Supplies
- Fish
- Irrigation Crops
- Wood and Fiber
- Fuel
- Hydropower Potential, etc.



Resource Provision Service

Regulating Service

Cultural Service

Supporting Service

- Flood and Drought Mitigation Capacity
- Self-purification **Capacity**
- Health Provisions
- **Navigation Routes**
- Climate Mediation
- Aquatic Habitats
- Diverse Food-chains
- Coastal Ecotone **Buffer Capacity**
- Fertile Lands

Resource Provision Service

Regulating Service

Cultural Service

Supporting Service

- Aesthetic and Scenic Values
- Religious Sites and Spiritual Values
- Historic Sites
- Educational Resources



Resource Provision Service

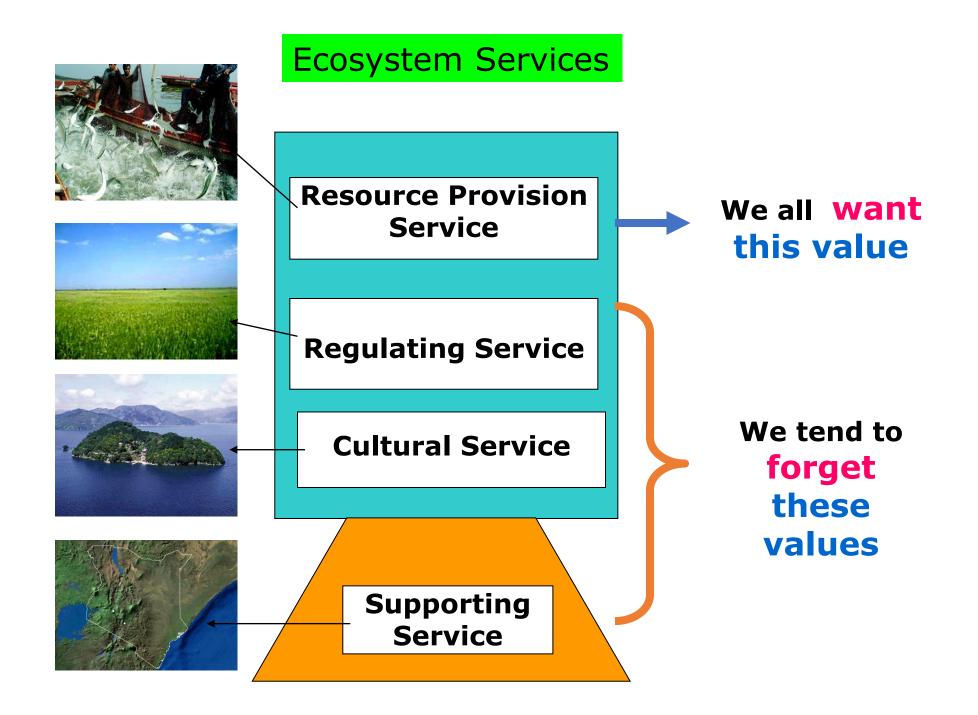
Regulating Service

Cultural Service

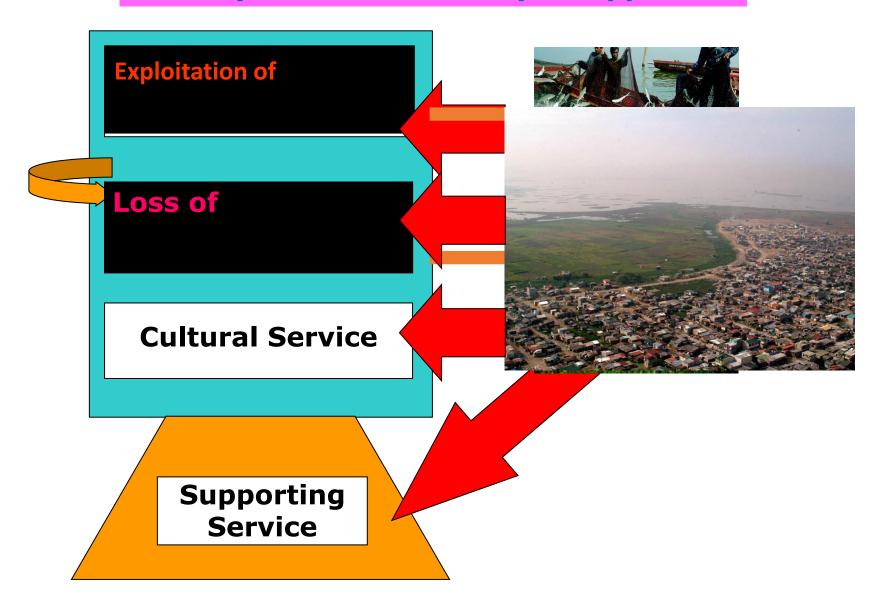
Supporting Service

- Soil Properties
- Habitat formation
- Primary production
- Nutrient cycling



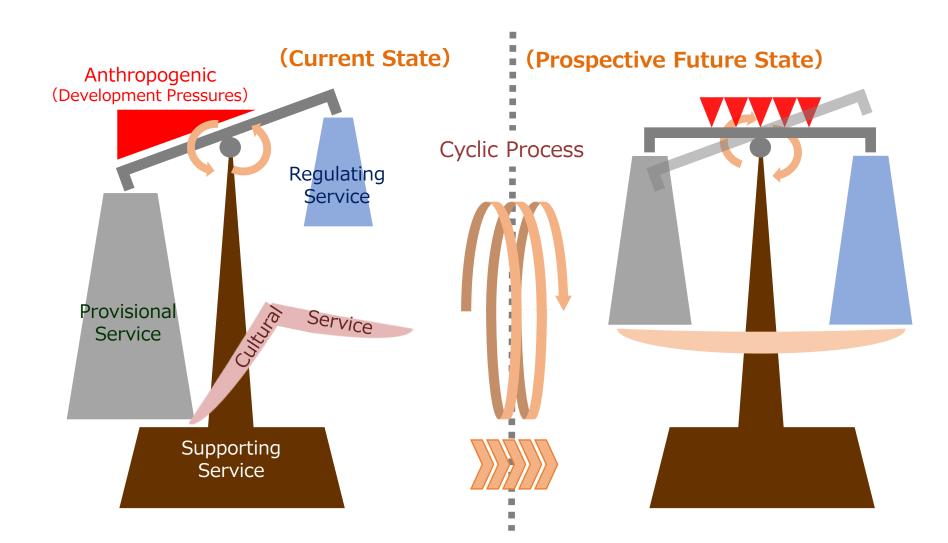


Without Timely Conservation, all Ecosystem Services may Disappear.

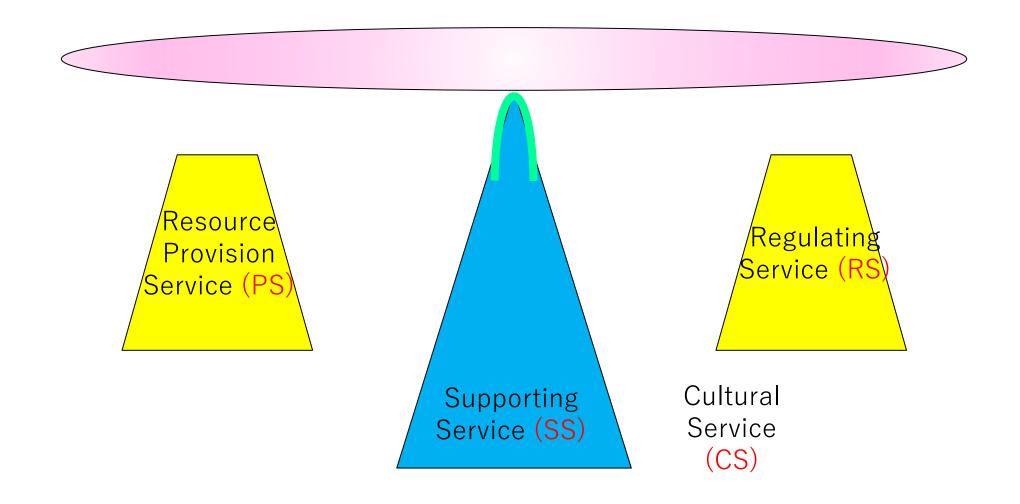


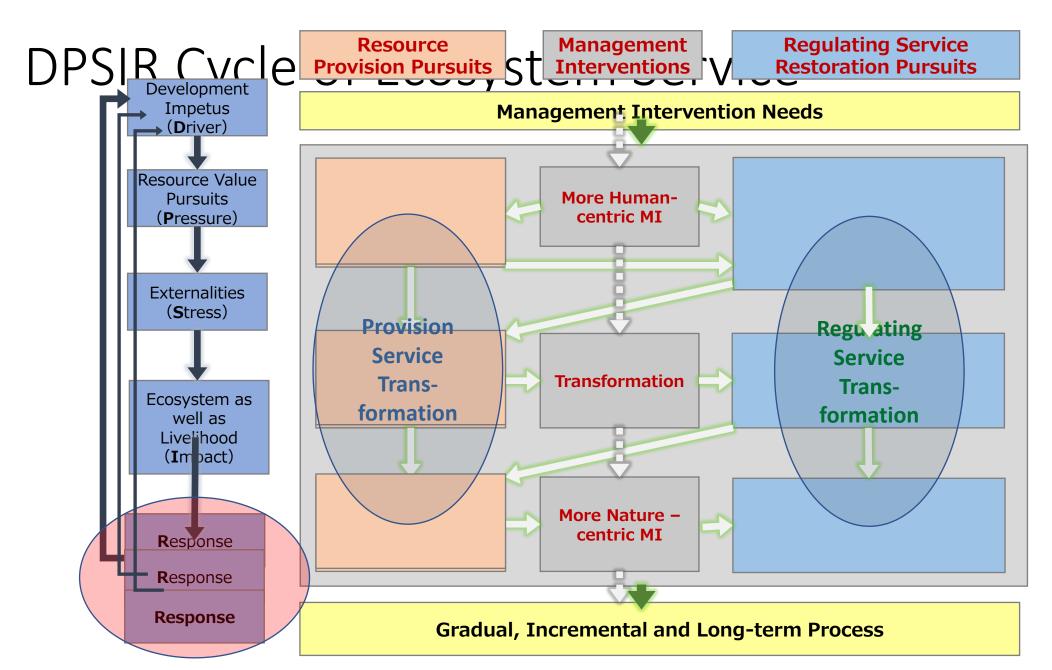
River-Lake Basin Ecosystem Service Relationship among 4 Component Services

■ The Balance between Provisional and Regulating Services



Balance of PS & RS is a Key for CS





Ecosystem Service Framework with DPSIR as related to ILLBM

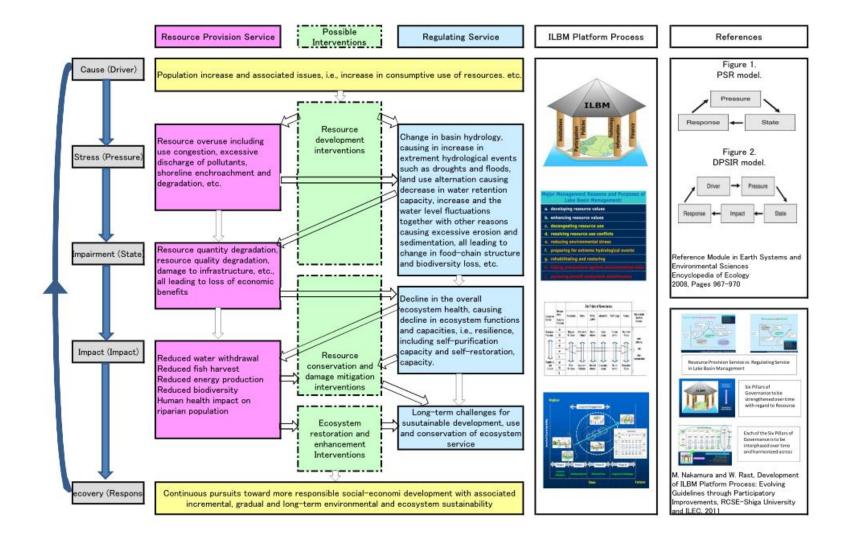
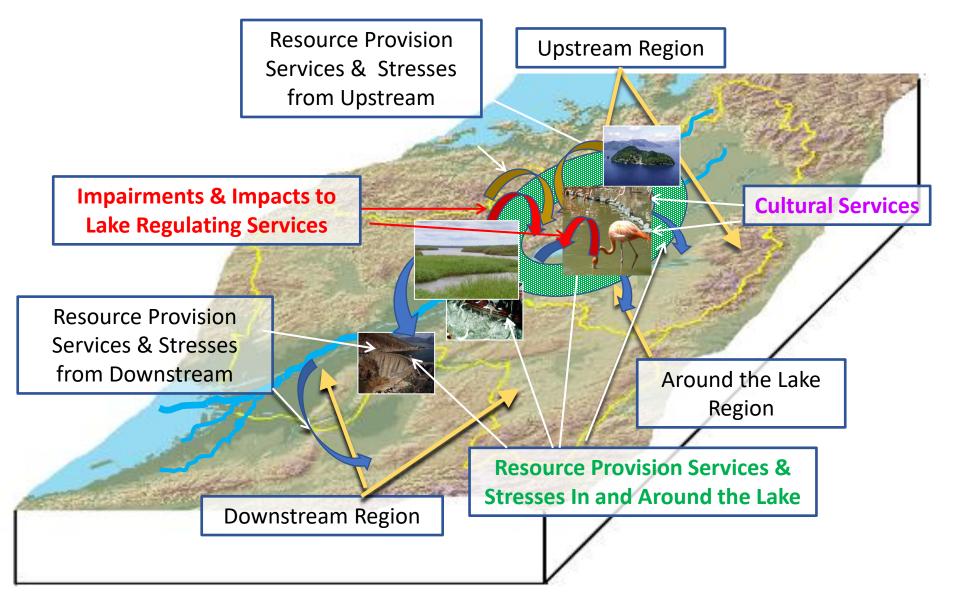


Illustration of the ESSVA Framework



A General Framework to Determine ESPP

- a. Perception about their River-Lake-Estuary System
 - How much do we know the basin configuration?
 - How much do we know the PS profile of the entire basin?
 - How much do we know the inter-basin PS profiles?
 - •

b. On the Individual Perceptional Spheres of Interaction

- What are the "Provisional Service" components?
- What are the pressured put on the "Provisional Service" components, and how much?
- What are the magnitudes of stress put on the Regulating Service functions supporting the "Provisional Service"
- What are the magnitudes of impairment/impact put on the respective Regulating Service functions
- What have been, and will have to be the "Response Measures", in terms of Six Pillars of Governance

Questionnaire

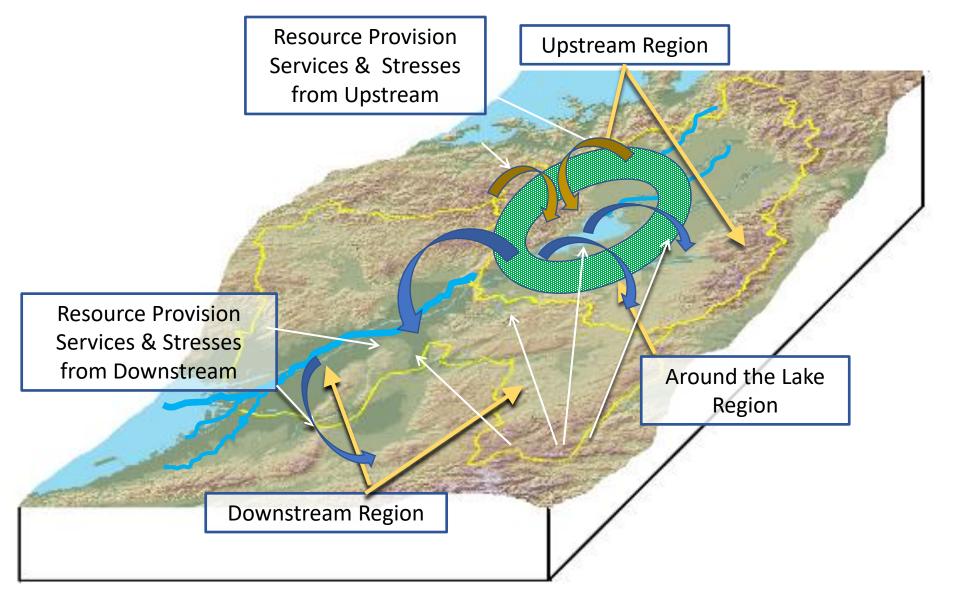
Idea on Structure & Contents of ESSVA (ESPP)

		Instruction to Questionnaire	Rating
Driver/ Pressure	QS-1	Please indicate the magnitude or Intensity of the "Resource Provisioning Services" (Benefits) Generated in the Upstream River Basin Draining into Your Lake	
Stress	QS-2	Please indicate the magnitude or Intensity of the "Stress" Put on Your Lake by the Upstream or Downstream Activities Identified in QS-2.	
Driver/ Pressure	Qs-3	Please identify the status of the "Resource Provisioning Services" (Benefits) Generated In and Around Your Lake	1-5 Interval Scale
Stress	QS-4	Please identify the degree or Intensity of the "Stress" Put on the Lake by the Activities In and Around Your Lake as Identified in QS- 4.	
Immairmant	QS-5	Please indicate the status of "Cultural Services" In and Around Your Lake.	
Impairment	QS-6	Please indicate the status and Trends of Impairment of "Regulating Services" (Ecosystem Functions) of Your Lake Over Past Decades.	
Impacts	QS-7	Please indicate the status and Trends of Impacts (Economic Damage, Public Health Hazard, Loss of Environmental Values/Benefits, etc.) of Your Lake Over Past Decades.	
Restoration	QS-8	Policies and Monitoring Activities Regarding Your Lake	Specific
	QS-9	Possible Improvements Regarding Your Lakes	Comments

INFORMATION ABOUT YOU

1. Wha	at is your age group? < 20 \(\text{20 } \text{20 } \text{20 } \text{20 } \text{20 } \(\text{20 } \text{20 } \text{30 - 39 } \text{0 } \(40 - 49 \text{0} \) 50 - 59 \(\text{0} \)	
2. Wha	at is your gender? Male 🔘 Female 🔘	
3. Wha	at is your education level?	
Primar	ry school O Secondary school O Certificate O Diploma/Degree O Master/PhD O Others:	
4. Wha	at is your occupation?	
Goverr	nment O Private sector O Own business O Fisherman/farmer O Unemployed O Others:	
5. Wha	at are the major sources of livelihoods in your community?	
Goverr	nment O Private sector O Own business Fisherman/farmer O Unemployed Others:	
LEARN	IING ABOUT YOUR LAKE	
1.	Where do you live?	
2.	How long have you lived in this area? < 5 years O 5 – 14 years O 15 – 24 years O > 24 years O)
3.	What is the name of the Lake closest to you?	
4.	How close do you live to the Lake (in km/m)?	
5.	How well do you know the community, flora and fauna near your Lake?	
	Very well O Reasonably well O Not very well O I don't know O	
6.	What do you normally use the Lake for?	

Illustration of the ESSVA Framework



An Overview of the Assessment Form Used

ESPP (Ecosystem Service Perceptional Profile) with regard to;

Q1: Resource use & development activities and associated stress



Q2: Impairment of nature's functions in the past decades













Q3&4: Upstream & downstream impact

From upstream



From downstream



To downstream

To water bodies

Q5: Status of cultural services



Aesthetic values



Traditions



Historical significance



Religious values



Educational values



Natural heritage

An Overview of the Assessment Form....-continued-....

Q6: Sanitation & hygiene







Wastewater

Sanitation & Hygiene

Q7&8: Impact of ecosystem services on human health & economy







Economy

Q9: Stakeholder responsibilities

National

State government

Municipality

You and community Up & Down stream community

Industrialists

Religious group

Others

Q10: Required governance improvements to improve ecosystem

Institutions

Policies and **Programs**

Participation

Knowledge and Information

Technology

Financing

Outline

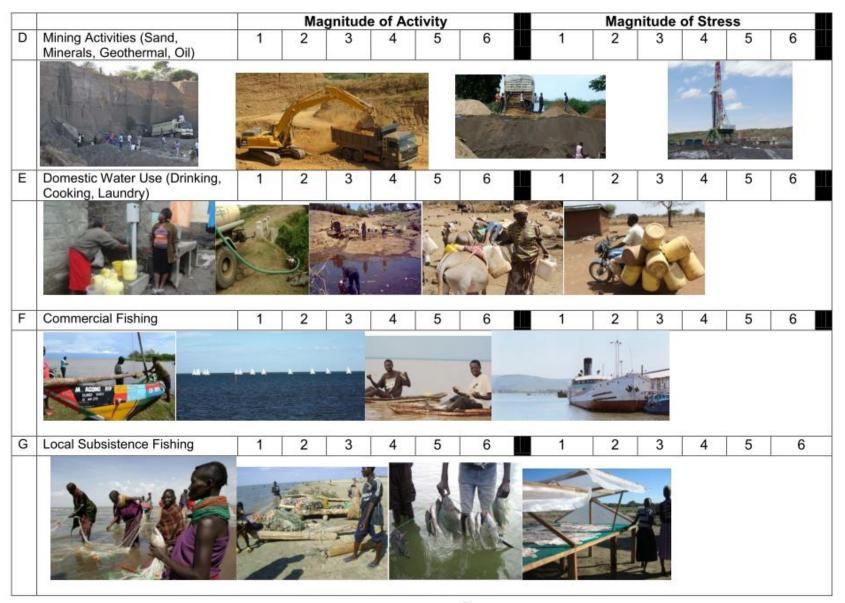
- ☐ Brief introduction of the 3 lake basins
- lacktriangle An overview of the assessment form used
- Respondents' attributes
- ☐ Findings
- ☐ General Observations

QUESTION SET 1: Magnitude of Resource Use and Development Activities; and the Degree of Stress

About the following categories of resource development and use activities, how do you rate their magnitudes? Also, how do you rate the magnitude of their stresses to the environment and ecosystems?

(Kuhusu makundi yafuatayo ya maendeleo na shughuli matumizi ya rasilimali , ni jinsi gani unaweza pima ukubwas yao? Pia, ni jinsi gani unaweza pima kwiwango cha ukubwa wa uharibifu s yao kwa mazingira na viumbe hai?

Using your knowledge and the map in Figure 1, please indicate which one of the rating best reflects your opinion. 5. Very much 6. I don't know Response 1: None 2: A little 3: Moderate 4: Much Color code Maelezo ya jibu lako 1: Hakuna 2: Kuna 3: : Kuna 4: : Kuna 5: : Kuna 6: Sijui uharibifu uharibifu uharibifu kihasi uharibifu sana uharibifu kidogo kabisa (wastani) **Magnitude of Stress** Magnitude of Activity A Agriculture Livestock Production 3 5 Manufacturing Industries 5



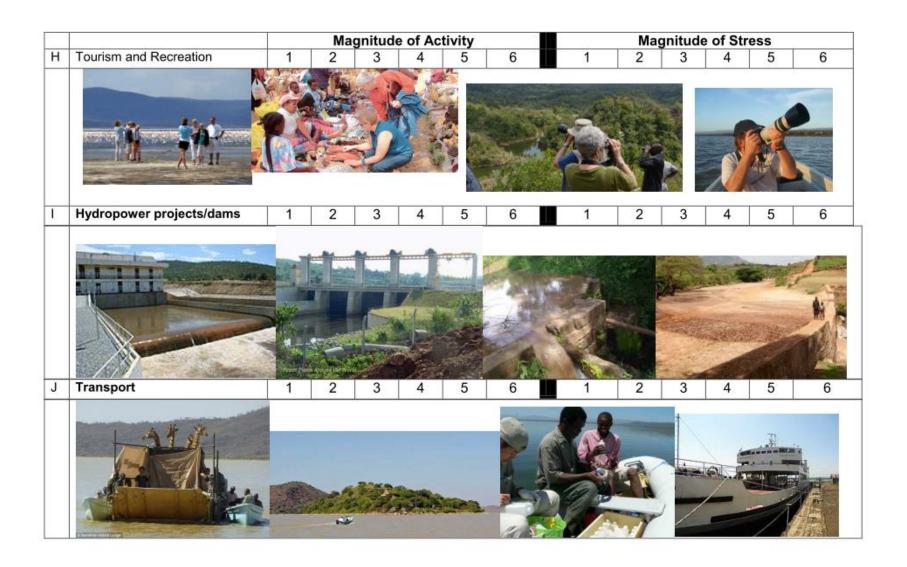
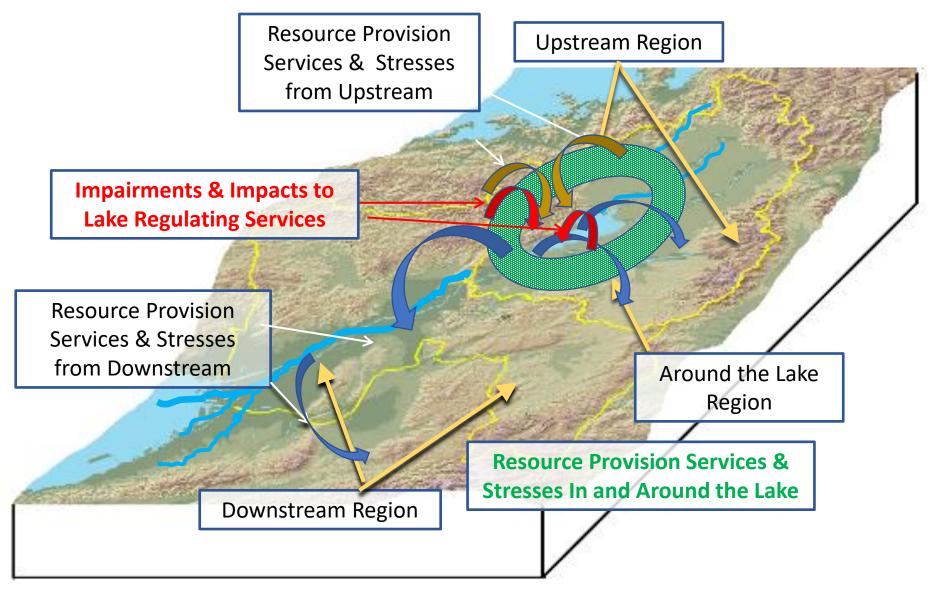
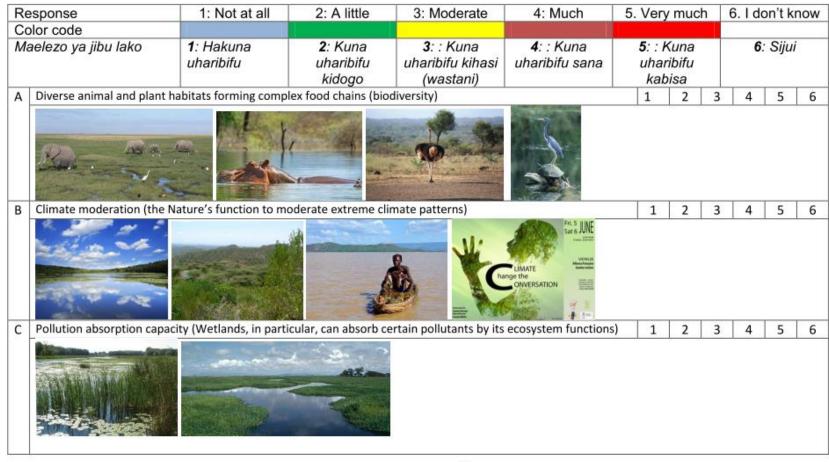


Illustration of the ESSVA Framework



QUESTION SET 2: Impairments of the Nature's Functions

- To what extent, do you think, has each of the following functions of nature, many of them beneficial for humans, decreased (declined, got worse) in the past decades?
- (Ni kwa kiwango gani , unafikiri, kila moja ya kazi zifuatazo za asili, nyingi zao sikiwa za manufaa kwa binadamu , imepunguka (imepungua, kwa ubaya) katika miongo iliyopita ?



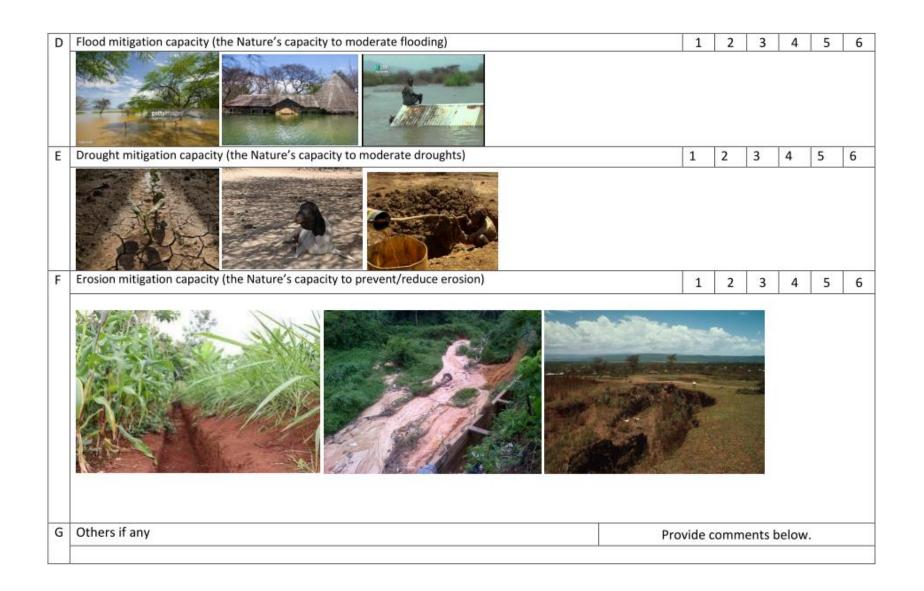
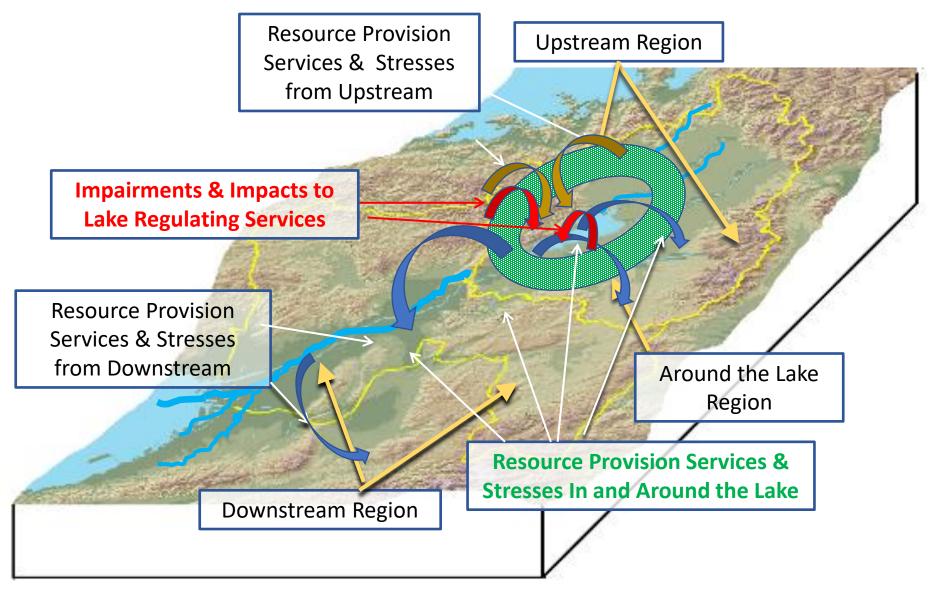


Illustration of the ESSVA Framework



QUESTION SET 3: Direct Impact Your Sub-basin Waters Receive from Your Upstream and Downstream Sub-basin Activities

- How much stress and negative impact do you think your sub-basin waters have been receiving from the activities (agriculture, livestock production, manufacturing industries,) of your immediate upstream communities (A)?
- How much from those immediately downstream of yours (B)?

(Kwa maoni yako, ni kiasi gani madhara na uharibifu unadhani maji ya lake/mto imepokea kutokana na shughuli (kilimo, ufugaji , viwanda) katika jamii inaoishi nyanda za juu za lake/ mto (A) ?)

Ni kiasi gani kutoka kwa wale wanakaa sehemu za jini za mto huo (B)?

Response	1: Not at all	2: A little	3: Moderate	4: Much	5. Ve	ery r	nuch	(6. I do	on't k	now
Color code											
Maelezo ya jibu lako	1: Hakuna uharibifu	2 : Kuna uharibifu kidogo	3 : : Kuna uharibifu kihasi (wastani)	4 : : Kuna uharibifu sana	5 : uharik	: Ku pifu i		э	6.	Sijui	i)
A From your imme	ediate upstream sub-	pasin activities?				1	2	3	4	5	6
B From your imme	ediate downstream su	ub-basin activities?			4-4	1	2	3	4	5	6

QUESTION SET 4: Direct Impacts of Your Sub-basin Activities to Your Immediate Downstream (A) and to the Most Downstream Water Bodies (B)

- How much stress and negative impact do you think your sub-basin activities are affecting your immediate downstream communities (A)?
- How much to the most downstream water bodies, such as lakes, river-mouth estuaries and enbayments (B)?

	escription of sponse	1: Not at all	2: A little	3: Moderate	4: Much	5. V	ery n	nuch	6.	I do	n't kr	now
Co	olor code	1										
Ma lak	aelezo ya jibu ko	1: Hakuna uharibifu	2: Kuna uharibifu kidogo	3: : Kuna uharibifu kihasi (wastani)	4 : : Kuna uharibifu sana	200.00	: : Ku ibifu k	na (abisa		6:	Sijui	
Α	To your immed	liate downstream?	300			335	1	2	3	4	5	6
В	To the most dov	vnstream water bodi	es such as lakes and est	uaries?	and the same of th		1	2	3	4	5	6
Ď		0		Section 1		out the file	staled				1	*

QUESTION SET 5: Status of "Cultural Services" in and around Your Lak- River Basin

How do you rate the following cultural service (intangible) values in terms of importance as well as degree of degradation through Q1-Q3 activities?

Response	1: Not degraded	2: Slightly Degraded	3: Moderately Degraded	4: Seriously degraded	5: Very ser degrade		sly	6 : I d	do no	ot kn	ow
Color code											
Maelezo ya jibu lako	1: Hakuna uharibifu	2: Kuna uharibifu kidogo	3: : Kuna uharibifu kihasi (wastani)	4 : : Kuna uharibifu sana	5 : : Kur uharibifu k		sa		ijui		
A Aesthetic, hu macho)	man wellbeing and	scenic values (than	nani ya aesthetic, m	naisha bora na ya	kuvutia	1	2	3	4	5	6
B Traditions an	d traditional practice	es (thamani ya tama	aduni za jadi na des	sturi)	.,,	1	2	3	4	5	6
C Historical sign	nificance (umuhimu	wa kihistoria)				1	2	3	4	5	6



QUESTION SET 6: Solid Wastes, Wastewaters, and Sanitation, Excreta Disposal / Hygiene (Takataka, maji chafu, na Usafi wa Mazingira, Kinyesi Taka / Usafi)

	sponse	1: Not at all		2: A litt	le	3: N	loderate		4: Much	5.	Very m	nuch	6. I do	n't know
Co	lor code												ji .	
	laelezo ya jibu 1 : Hakuna ko uharibifu		2: Kuna uharibifu kidogo		3: : Kuna uharibifu kihasi u (wastani)		4 : : Kuna uharibifu sana	5: : Kuna uharibifu kabisa			6 : Sijui sa			
		,	Mag	nitude	of Mar		ent Prol	olems	Magni	tude o	of Impa	ct on I	Ecosys	tem
Α	Solid Waste N	lanagement	1	2	3	4	5	6	1	2	3	4	5	6
						Jan.								
В	Wastewater M	lanagement	1	2	3	4	5	6	1	2	3	4	5	6
С	Sanitation, Ex Hygiene	creta Disposal /	1	2	3	4	5	6	1	2	3	4	5	6

QUESTION SET 7. 1 Impact on Human Health (Athari kwa Afya ya Binadamu):

Human health is generally supported by ecosystem products and services (such as availability of fresh water, food and fuel sources) which are requisite for good human health. Over the past decade, how much do you think ecosystem service degradation affected each of the following group of people in your basin?

Response	1: Not at all	2: A little	3: Moderate	4: Much	5. Very much	6. I don't know
Color code						
Maelezo ya jibu lako	1 : Hakuna uharibifu	2 : Kuna uharibifu kidogo	3 : : Kuna uharibifu kihasi (wastani)	4 : : Kuna uharibifu sana	5 : : Kuna uharibifu kabisa	6 : Sijui

	Group of people						
Α	Your family	1	2	3	4	5	6
В	Your community	1	2	3	4	5	6
С	Your sub-basin population	1	2	3	4	5	6
D	Your entire basin population	1	2	3	4	5	6

QUESTION SET 8: Impact on Economy (Athari kwa Uchumi):

Economic activities in the river-lake basin use ecosystem products and services (such as fresh water, natural products, and fuels). Over the past decade, how much do you think ecosystem service degradation affected each of the following group of economic activities in your river-lake basin?

Res	sponse	1: Not at all	2: A little	3: Moderate	4: Much	5. Very	much		6. I do	n't kn	ow
Col	or code										
Mad lakd	elezo ya jibu o	1: Hakuna uharibifu	2: Kuna uharibifu kidogo	3 : : Kuna uharibifu kihasi (wastani)	4 : : Kuna uharibifu sana	5: : Ki uharibifu		а	6 : Sijui		
	HI NO TO										
	ST.										
			Do	main of Economic Ac	ctivities						
A	Your household	d economic activities	93000	main of Economic Ac	ctivities	1	2	3	4	5	6
		d economic activities by's economic activities	S	emain of Economic Ac	ctivities	1 1	2 2	3 3	4 4	5 5	6
В	Your communit		ies	main of Economic Ad	ctivities	1 1 1		1000	- 10	90000	- 50

QUESTION SET 9: Responsibilities and Ownership (Majukumu na Umiliki)

• How much more do you think each of the following stakeholder groups should take a responsible and proactive role?

(Ni kiasi gani zaidi unadhani kila mmoja makundi ya washikawadau wanaofuata wanapaswa kuchukua majukumu la kuwajibika kwa makini ?

	1: Not at all					y muc	h	6: I c	lon't k	now	
1. F	lakuna	2. kidogo	3. wastani	4. Mengi	5. Mengi s	gi sana 6. Sijui					
Α	National					1	2	3	4	5	6
В	State governme	nt				1	2	3	4	5	6
С	Municipality					1	2	3	4	5	6
D	You and your co	mmunity				1	2	3	4	5	6
Е	Your upstream a		1	2	3	4	5	6			
F	Industrialists, business and commercial operators, plantation owner								4	5	6
G	Religious group 1								4	5	6
Н	H Others (who)							3	4	5	6

QUESTION SET 10: Improvement of Basin Governance

• In the next decade or so, how much do you think we needs to be improved for making significant restoration and improvement of river basin ecosystem integrity?

Α	Institutions (taasisi) – for making organizations and programs more effective for action	1	2	3	4	5	6
В	Policies and Programs (Sera na Mipango) – for identifying policies and actions that may be	4	2	2		-	6
	most needed and most effective	'		3	4	5	0
С	Participation (ushiriki wa umma) -for obtaining public opinion and input	1	2	3	4	5	6
D	Knowledge and Information (Maarifa na Habari /Elimu) for filling the knowledge gap	1	2	3	4	5	6
E	Technology (teknolojia/ chaguzi kiteknolojia) -mix of technological options	1	2	3	4	5	6
F	Financing(Fedha na ufadhili)— for exploring different funding sources and financial	4	2	2		-	6
	mechanisms	'		٥	4	٥	0

Benefits of ILBM-ESSVA

- It provides an opportunity to basin population to evaluate their lake basin on current and future status and values, helping them to shape a shared vision and common understanding of the issues and challenges facing the lake basin.
- It provides a way to **fill perception gaps between different stakeholders** with different views and interests as well such gaps between people living in different locations in the basin (Upstream, Downstream of the lake, and around the lake).
- It provides a methodology to the government to listen to the voice of community, enabling them to develop policies and programs to be widely supported and easily implemented.
- It helps to develop a sense of "ownership" in the basin population, facilitating the community participation in lake basin management process.
- It enables different basins to discuss their problems based on the same general framework that would help enhance the opportunity for mutual collaboration

Credits: Prof Nakamura, ILEC Japan